# Community Response Procedures Guidance and Tool Kit

# Introduction

Emergency planning and response in the UK is driven by The Civil Contingencies Act 2004. The Act places a statutory responsibility on the Emergency Services and Local Authorities to undertake emergency preparedness and response activities. In nearly all cases, emergency incidents are dealt with by the emergency services, local authorities and the major utilities.

However, there are circumstances, where community groups are able to help coordinate vital preparedness and resilience building activities or assist in the provision of basic welfare in the outset of an incident prior to activation of the emergency services and local authority.

There is no statutory responsibility for parish councils or community groups to prepare or plan against local risks. However, it is good practice for communities to identify local risks and agree simple procedures as to how they may mitigate or respond to these.

Appropriate mitigation and preparedness techniques prior to a potential incident such as putting in simple flood protection measures or helping to salt and grit side roads and pavements can alleviate or even remove the potential for an emergency incident.

It should be recognised that Community Groups are not the Emergency Services and are not trained, equipped, empowered or resourced to carry out the functions of an emergency service.

Your response should be focused on preparedness or mitigation techniques and the provision of basic welfare in the outset of an emergency incident.

# **Data Protection**

Once completed, some of the information these procedures will contain (e.g. addresses, contact numbers) is classed as 'personal data' under the Data Protection Act (1998). Whilst holding this data is legally justified (e.g. in order to protect interests of members of the community in an emergency) the information still needs to be handled sensitively.

Key to this will be to inform the community as to what information is held within the Community Plan and why and, most importantly, to provide them with assurances that the information will be handled sensitively.

CRB checks are not compulsory, as deployment is on an ad-hoc basis, though consideration should be taken by responders when handling survivors' information.

## **Relevant Documents**

- Data Protection Act (1998) <u>www.ico.gov.uk/what we cover/data protection.aspx</u>
- Data Protection and Sharing Guidance for Emergency Planners and Responders (2007) <u>https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/data-protection-and-sharing-guidance-for-emergency-planners-and-responders</u>
- The Essex Trust Charter (2010)
  <u>http://www.essexpartnershipportal.org/pages/uploads/Essex%20Trust%20Charter/Essex</u>
  <u>TrustCharterAgreement.pdf</u>

# Stage 1 - What is the Purpose of this Guidance?

This document is intended to be a guide to help you and your community produce some procedures to help you stay resilient against risks in your local area. These Community Response Procedures should be used as a tool to help you prepare for the emergencies that could affect your community.

This is only a suggested template and the document should be amended to fit your specific needs. There is further guidance embedded into the template in italics, which may help to guide your decisions.

Contact your local emergency planning officer for further guidance or help please visit; <u>www.brentwood.gov.uk/emergencyplanning</u>

# Why do we need Community Response Procedures?

Emergency incidents do happen. These can range from the minor; heavy snow and ice blocking side-roads and pavements or the major; widespread flooding incidents resulting in evacuations.

If communities are able to prepare as far as reasonably possible against these risks then the effects can be minimized or in some cases removed.

Many minor risks dealt with at an early stage at the community level can remove or reduce the chance of that risk escalating into a major incident or emergency. For example:

- Clearing snow from paths and side roads and gritting pathways and pavements, keeps the routes to the main road network clear and allows people to continue on their daily tasks
- Disseminating risk or risk warning information about severe weather or flooding to people in the local area allows them to take precautions and undertake mitigation measures such as purchasing sandbags or flood protection before the event
- Keeping a list of the vulnerable, isolated or those with mobility issues speeds up any evacuation for the emergency services should one be required

By becoming more resilient, you and your community can complement the work of local emergency responders and reduce the impact of an emergency on your community.

# Who are the Local Emergency Responders?

These organisations have a statutory responsibility to plan for and respond to incidents in your local area. They include;

- Brentwood Borough Council, supported by neighbouring boroughs and districts
- Emergency Services: Essex Fire, Essex Police and Essex Ambulance Services and Health bodies
- Essex County Council

# Planning For Your Community – Getting Started; Relationships, Vulnerability and Risk

## **Identifying your Community**

You should begin by considering who these procedures are for and which community they are intended for.

Remember, that a community can be classed as any group of people with a common goal or interest; therefore you may want to consider holding an open meeting to allow as many people as possible to come together and contribute towards the process. In turn, this will greatly increase your potential knowledge and resource base.

## Indentify Existing Local Relationships or Networks You Can Work With

Community resilience is something many people and communities already undertake. This process is not about creating whole new networks, but rather and ongoing process of exploiting and enhancing existing relationships.

When undertaking this process, consider liaising with:

- Parish Councils
- Neighbourhood Watch Groups
- Scout Leaders
- Residence Associations
- Faith Groups
- Youth/ Outreach Groups
- > Any other groups who come together to help the local community

Consider establishing a Community Action Group, this should involve as wider a group of people in your local community as possible. These types of open minded discussions allows greater local knowledge retention, which facilitates further accuracy during the risk identification process and when writing up any response procedures.

## **Collecting Information**

It is vital to ensure that isolated or vulnerable people are contacted either prior or during an emergency incident to see if they require any help or assistance. There is a myriad of existing organisations that can help you gain access to or aid you in collection this information.

Consider organisations such as;

- Brentwood Borough Emergency Planning
- Brentwood CVS
- British Red Cross
- WRVS and other similar organisations

## When Considering Vulnerabilities

It is important to remember that emergency situations make everyone vulnerable and greatly increases the difficulty or life for those who are already vulnerable or isolated.

Always remember:

- People may become vulnerable at any point in their life and we can all be vulnerable in different circumstances
- Being vulnerable means different things to different groups
- Vulnerabilities can vary in their duration
- Appearances can be deceptive; people are not always vulnerable, even if you assume them to be. Resilience is based on the totality of people's knowledge and life experiences

## **Identifying and Preparing Against Risks**

It is important to be aware of all the risks that could affect your community and have an understanding how you could be affected by them in order to allow you to develop resilience. When undertaking this process, communities should prepare for and focus on the risks they feel are relevant to their sphere of interest.

Brentwood Borough Council has a duty to maintain a Community Risk Register (CRR). This gives an overview of all the major risks which affect the Borough and outlines the work done by Brentwood Council to reduce and mitigate against these risks.

This can be found at: www.brentwood.gov.uk/communityriskregister

Use this Brentwood-wide document with your own local knowledge to try to indentify the smallscale risks pertinent to your own local area and community, which may not be included on the register, for example:

- Blocked drainage ditches, resulting in small scale flooding on local roads or pavements/ footpaths
- > Ice and snow blocking side roads and stopping people going about their regular business
- > People with limited mobility who may need some extra assistance
- Groups who may struggle to understand risk warning messages due to language barriers
- > Small industrial sites which may represent a very localised risk should a fire etc. occur

## Action

Using the local risk assessment section on page 3

- > Identify these local risks and their potential impact on the community
- Identify what simple things your Community Response Group could do to reduce or remove these risks

## **Assessing Community Skills and Resources**

Once your Community Response Group is aware of the potential risks it might need to prepare for, you need to then consider what skills, resources or equipment your community already holds which could be utilised to prepare and mitigative against these risks.

#### Volunteers

Volunteering is often spontaneous and many individuals and communities will come together at times of crisis. However, as part of your planning process, you could collect a list of people who are willing to give their time to help.

You may also want to consider talking with other existing local groups to see of their existing contacts or volunteers would be willing to aid in your response.

#### Resources

Consider what tools, equipment, premises or machinery could be utilised in preparing for or during and emergency. You may have people with specific qualifications or capabilities who may be vital in assisting you in a response.

#### Consider:

- 4 x 4 owners who may be able to assist in delivering prescriptions or food stuffs during times of flood, snow or ice
- Consider those who may own coal/ oil/ wood burning stoves or fires who may be able to assist at times of power outages
- Local business such as builders merchants who may be able to provide sand-bags or other vital resources
- List your trained first aiders who can be deployed should any incident occur, prior to the health services arriving

## **Key Locations**

During an emergency incident, the local authority may need your help in providing temporary welfare for evacuees until transport to a Rest Centre can be arranged. It may therefore be helpful to consider identifying a safe shelter point for people i.e. above any flood levels, with good mobility access and so on. You should liaise with your local authority Emergency Planning Officer to see exactly what you can do to support them in this work.

## **Emergency contact Lists**

It is vital to keep accurate, up-to-date records of everyone who is in the Community Response Team as well as any other groups or individuals who have offered their help.

You may want to collate these numbers into a telephone tree or cascade which sets out the process and responsibilities for activating the required response team. An example of which can be found on page 5

# Stage 2 – What To Do in a Response

## **Activating Your Response**

In most cases your response will be activated at the behest of Brentwood Borough Emergency Planning department, however, there are preparatory measures your Community Response Team can take on their own accord.

It is suggested that you consider 2 levels of activation triggers:

- 1. To activate your preparatory response such as information distribution or mitigation measures (Semi-Regularly)
- To activate a further response such as undertaking a localised evacuation to a welfare point until you can be alleviated by the Emergency Services or Brentwood Council (these triggers and suggested activities should first be discussed with Brentwood Emergency Planning) (Hopefully Never)

For example:

- 1. Suggested triggers for activation of Preparatory/ Mitigation/ Resilience Measures:
  - Have we received information about any potential risks?
  - Have we received any Severe Weather or Flood Warnings?
  - Is heavy snow and ice predicted?
  - Have we received official communications from the Emergency Services?
  - Is more then 50% of the community without utilities?
  - What can we safely accomplish without the help of the Emergency Services or the Brentwood Emergency Planning
- 2. Suggested Triggers for activating Emergency Response Procedures;
  - Have we been able to reach the Emergency Services or Brentwood Emergency planning?
  - Has water infiltrated a property or properties?
  - What can we safely accomplish without the help of the Emergency Services or the Brentwood Emergency Planning

## **First Steps When Responding**

After you have decided on your chosen risks, mitigation or prevention methods and activation triggers, you should complete the table on page 8, which allows you to set out your first steps when responding to any risks.

There is a draft agenda for you first Community Response Group meeting on the following page, please adapt these as appropriate.

It is good practice to record all your decisions on the log on page 9 so, in future meetings, you can quickly and clearly know what you have achieved and what tasks are outstanding. Moreover, when undertaking community resilience activities, you have a duty of care to your local community and might be required to justify some decisions at a later time.

# Stage 3 - Practicing and Reviewing Your Plan

## **Sharing Your Procedures**

Once you have created your plan, it is vital that you share it with your community to get their thoughts and views on your chosen procedures. It is paramount that all members of the community feel that the plan works for them.

It is also very important that you share your plan with the Brentwood Emergency Planning department; so they know who to contact should your response be required and what specific assistance you can potentially provide.

You should also maintain a distribution list to record who has received a copy of the procedures and in what format. This ensures that people receive any revised copies following any reviews or up-dates.

## **Reviewing and Updating Your Procedures**

Your procedures should be reviewed and updated on a regular basis to ensure they continue to meet the needs of your community. You should also encourage your volunteers to let you know as and when their personal information changes.

To make sure that your chosen procedures will work properly, it is important that your procedures are tested. This allows you to test how appropriate they are for your specific response and how ready your Response Group is to carry out its chosen actions.

Practising these arrangements can be as simple as carrying out a simple call-tree test or to the more elaborate, carrying out a full activation to a chosen location. Following a practise or test of your procedures, you should revise any aspects which either didn't work or can be improved.

Remember, when you make any changes or amendments to the document; you should record these next to your distribution list to ensure everyone knows they are using the latest version.

# **Supporting Organisations**

If you feel like you may require further training and/or resources to increase the accuracy of your planning, there is a list of organisations below who may be able to provide you information and free resources.

You can also contact <u>community.resilience@cabinet-office.x.gsi.gov.uk</u> if you would like further information or to tell us about community resilience work you are involved in.

## Where to get more information

Below are the details of useful organisations where you can find further information on how to become more resilient.

## **Brentwood Emergency Planning Department**

www.brentwood.gov.uk/emergencyplanning

Email: <a href="mailto:ema

Detailed information about specific activities undertaken in Brentwood and a number of documents to support your planning process.

## **Community Resilience**

https://www.gov.uk/resilience-in-society-infrastructure-communities-and-businesses

The home of resources for individual and community resilience.

## **Environment Agency**

http://www.environment-agency.gov.uk

For information on environmental risks, including Flood Warnings.

## **Met-Office**

## http://www.metoffice.gov.uk/

For information on severe weather, including risks and potential alerts.

## **British Red Cross**

http://www.redcross.org.uk

Information on the simple precautions that can be taken to prepare for a range of emergency situations, along with advice on how to cope.

## RSPCA

http://www.rspca.org.uk/in-action/international/emergencyresponse

Telephone: 0300 1234555

The RSPCA has put together some guidelines so that you can be prepared.

# **Potential Funding Streams**

There may be circumstances in which you need additional funding to help enhance resilience in your community. Below are some examples of tools which can help you find the best available funding for your community, as well as a selection of examples of national, regional and local funding.

It is important to check the relevant websites for the most up to date information to ensure you meet the eligibility criteria or closing deadlines.

These grant finding websites and tools have been developed to find the most suitable grant for community projects. The process involves a simple checklist to see what funding is available.

## **Grant Finder**

http://www.grantfinder.co.uk

Grants and policy database with details of 6,000 funding opportunities.

#### **Funding Central**

#### http://www.fundingcentral.org.uk

Is a Government funding portal for all third sector organisations, including community groups, providing access to 4,000 funding and finance opportunities. As well as tools and resources situations, along with advice on how to cope when they do.

#### **Government Funding**

http://www.governmentfunding.org.uk

Online portal to grants for the voluntary and community sector.

#### **Lottery Funding**

#### http://www.lotteryfunding.org.uk

Lottery Funding is a joint website run by all lottery funders in the UK. This site allows you to search information on current funding programmes across the UK.

#### Grantnet

http://www.grantnet.com

A search directory for grants and funding programmes available within the UK.